AMENDMENT

Amendment to the claims:

Please amend claims 54, 57-59, 64, 66, 71, 83-86, 90, 92-94, 98, and 107-118 and add new claims 119-134 to read as follows:

(A set of the amended claims is set in Appendix A (marked up) and a complete set of pending claims is set in Appendix B (clean)).

- 54. (Twice Amended) An apparatus comprising:
 - a) a sample introduction zone;
 - b) at least one peptide nucleic acid probe associated with a particle; and
- c) an electrophoretic separation channel in communication with said introduction zone; wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is disposed within the apparatus and is mobilizable at least within the separation channel.
- 57. (Twice Amended) An apparatus comprising:
 - a) a sample introduction zone;
 - b) an electrophoretic separation channel in communication with said introduction zone;
 - at least one peptide nucleic acid probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said peptide nucleic acid probe disposed within the apparatus upstream of said separation channel and being mobilizable at least within the separation channel; and
 - d) a sample incubation zone disposed in communication with the sample introduction zone and in communication with the separation channel.

- 58. (Twice Amended) A microchip apparatus comprising a plurality of capillary channels, each said capillary channel further comprising:
 - a) a sample introduction zone;
 - b) an electrophoretic separation zone in communication with said introduction zone;
 - at least one peptide nucleic acid probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said peptide nucleic acid probe being mobilizable at least within the separation zone and disposed within the apparatus to mix upstream of the separation zone with a sample introduced in each said introduction zone, said sample comprising at least one double stranded polynucleotide, said at least one peptide nucleic acid probe having a sequence complementary to a selected target sequence suspected to be present in said at least one double stranded polynucleotide;
 - d) a nucleic acid/nucleic acid denaturing reagent permitting the formation of a peptide nucleic acid probe/nucleic acid complex when said selected target sequence is present;
 - e) a detection zone; and
 - f) said separation zone in communication with said introduction zone and said detection zone.
 - 59. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 58 wherein the separation zone of at least one of said capillary channel comprises are electrophoretic sieving medium.
 - 64. (Twice Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 58 wherein at least one of said at least one peptide nucleic acid probe comparises a charge-modifying moiety.
 - 66. (Twice Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 58 wherein said at least one peptide nucleic acid probe is associated with a particle.

- 71. (Amended) A microchip apparatus comprising a plurality of capillary channels, wherein each of said capillary channels further comprises:
 - a) a sample introduction zone;
 - b) an electrophoretic separation zone in communication with said introduction zone;
 - c) at least one peptide nucleic acid probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said peptide nucleic acid probe disposed within the apparatus upstream of the separation zone and being mobilizable at least within the separation zone; and
 - d) a detection zone; wherein said separation zone is in communication with said introduction zone and said detection zone.
- 83. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 58 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is modified with the detectable moiety.
- 84. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 58 wherein the detectable moiety is bound to the peptide nucleic acid probe.
- 85. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 58 wherein the detectable moiety is associated to the peptide nucleic acid probe.
- 86. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the separation channel comprises an electrophoretic sieving medium.
- 90. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 54 wherein said at least one peptide nucleic acid probe further comprises a charge-modifying moiety.
- 92. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 54 further comprising a sample incubation zone disposed in communication with said sample introduction zone and said separation channel.
- 93. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 54 further comprising a sample detection zone disposed in communication with said separation channel.

- 94. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 57 wherein the separation channel comprises an electrophoretic sieving medium.
- 98. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 57 wherein said at least one peptide nucleic acid probe comprises a charge-modifying moiety.
- 107. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 57 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is modified with the detectable moiety.
- 108. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 57 wherein the detectable moiety is bound to the peptide nucleic acid probe.
- 109. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 57 wherein the detectable moiety is associated to the peptide nucleic acid probe.
- 110. The apparatus of claim 57 further comprising a sample detection zone disposed in communication with said separation channel.
- 111. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 71 wherein the detectable moiety is bound to the peptide nucleic acid probe.
- 112. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 71 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is bound to biotin.
- 113. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 71 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is bound to fluorescein.
- 114. (Amended) The microchip apparatus of claim 71 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is modified with the detectable moiety.
- 115. (Amended) An apparatus comprising:

a. a sample introduction zone;

- b. an electrophoretic separation channel in communication with said introduction zone:
- c. at least one peptide nucleic acid probe modified with a label, said label comprising a detectable moiety, said peptide nucleic acid probe disposed within said apparatus upstream of said separation channel and being mobilizable at least within the separation channel; and
- d. a sample incubation zone disposed in communication with the sample introduction zone and in communication with the separation channel.
- 116. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 115 wherein the detectable moiety is bound to the peptide nucleic acid probe.
- 117. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 115 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is bound to biotin.
- 118. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 115 wherein the peptide nucleic acid probe is bound to fluorescein.
- 119. (New) A method for separating DNA-containing samples, comprising:
- (a) providing a sample-separation device including an injection channel and an electroseparation channel, with said injection channel being disposed for fluid communication with said electroseparation channel;
 - (b) placing an electrophoretic medium in said electroseparation channel;
- (c) mixing (i) a peptide nucleic acid (PNA) probe labeled with a detectable moiety and a (ii) double-stranded-DNA-containing sample under conditions permitting PNA-DNA hybrids to form, but disfavoring DNA-DNA hybrids;
 - (d) introducing the mixture from step (c) into said injection channel;
- (e) applying an electrical potential along at least one of said channels sufficient to cause PNA-DNA hybrids to migrate into and along said separation channel; and (f) detecting for said detectable moiety.

- 120. (New) The method of claim 119, wherein said injection and electroseparation channels intersect one another.
- 121. (New) The method of claim 120, wherein said sample-separation device further comprises a reservoir, with said reservoir being disposed for fluid communication with said injection channel.
- 122. (New) The method of claim 121, wherein said injection channel, said electroseparation channel, and said reservoir are formed in a microchip.
- 123. (New) A method for separating samples, comprising:
 - (a) providing an electroseparation channel;
 - (b) placing an electrophoretic medium in said electroseparation channel;
- (c) mixing (i) a sample comprised of target DNA strands and DNA strands complementary to said target DNA strands, and (ii) a peptide nucleic acid (PNA) probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said PNA probe having a sequence complementary to at least a portion of said target DNA strands, whereby PNA-DNA hybrids are formed;
 - (d) introducing said PNA-DNA hybrids into said electroseparation channel;
- (e) applying an electrical potential along said electroseparation channel sufficient to cause PNA-DNA hybrids to migrate along said electroseparation channel; and
 - (f) detecting for said PNA-DNA hybrids.
- 124. (New) The method of claim 123, wherein said mixing is carried out under denaturing conditions, disfavoring DNA-DNA hybrids.
- 125. (New) A method for separating samples, comprising:
 - (a) providing a sample comprised of double-stranded DNA;
- (b) denaturing said double-stranded DNA to form single-stranded DNA comprising target DNA strands and DNA strands complementary to said target DNA strands;
- (c) incubating the target DNA strands and DNA strands complementary to the target DNA strands with a a peptide nucleic acid (PNA) probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said



PNA probe having a sequence complementary to at least a portion of said target DNA strands, whereby DNA-PNA hybrids are formed;

- (d) electrophoresing said DNA; PNA hybrids; and
- (e) detecting for said PNA-DNA hybrids.
- 126. (New) The method of claim 125, wherein at least step (d) is carried out on a microchip.
- 127. (New) A method for separating DNA-containing samples, comprising:
- (a) providing a microchip comprised of (i) a substrate; (ii) an injection channel formed in said substrate; (iii) an electroseparation channel formed in said substrate, and disposed for fluid communication with said injection channel, and (iv) a loading reservoir formed in said substrate, and disposed for fluid communication with said injection channel;
 - (b) placing an electrophoretic medium in said electroseparation channel;
- (c) placing in said reservoir (i) a DNA-containing sample including a target DNA sequence, and (ii) a peptide nucleic acid (PNA) probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said PNA probe having a sequence complementary to at least a portion of said target sequence, whereby PNA-DNA hybrids are formed;
- (d) applying one or more electrical potentials along said channels sufficient to cause PNA-DNA hybrids to migrate into and along said electroseparation channel; and
 - (e) detecting for the PNA-DNA hybrids.
- 128. (New) The method of claim 127, wherein said injection and electroseparation channels intersect one another.
- 129. (New) A kit for the separation of the components of a mixed sample solution of single stranded nucleic acids and their complementary strands, and for detecting therein a selected target sequence, including:
- (a) a microchip comprised of a substrate and an electroseparation channel formed in said substrate; and
- (b) a peptide nucleic acid (PNA) probe labeled with a detectable moiety, said PNA probe having a sequence complementary to at least a portion of said target sequence.

